

The Labor Market Report

The Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development

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Governor

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Commissioner

September 2007 Data

Special Points of Interest:

- Interesting Facts About Thanksgiving Provided by the Bureau of the Census
- Tennessee Historical Civilian Labor Force Series, 1977 to Present
- County Unemployment Rates
- Civilian Labor Force Summary
- State Unemployment Insurance Activities

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Fascinating Facts About Thanksgiving

Editors Note: This article was taken from a Census Bureau press release on interesting facts about Thanksgiving. The entire release and links to expanded data are available at www.census.gov. The data collected comes from a variety of sources and may be subject to sampling variability and other sources of error.

In the fall of 1621, the religious separatist Pilgrims held a three-day feast to celebrate a bountiful harvest, an event many regard as the nation's first Thanksgiving. It eventually became a national holiday in 1863 when President Abraham Lincoln proclaimed the last Thursday of November as a national day of thanksgiving. Later, President Franklin Roosevelt clarified that Thanksgiving should never be celebrated on the occasional fifth Thursday but should always fall

on the fourth Thursday of the month to encourage earlier holiday shopping.

Culinary Delights

The preliminary estimate has 272 million **turkeys** raised in the United States in 2007. That's up 4 percent from 2006. The turkeys produced in 2005 weighed 7.2 billion pounds and were valued at \$3.2 billion.

Minnesota expects to raise 46 million turkeys in 2007. The Gopher State is tops in turkey production. It is followed by North Carolina (39 million), Arkansas (31 million), Virginia (21.5 million), Missouri (21 million), and California (16.8 million). These six states together will probably account for about two-thirds of U.S. turkeys produced in 2007.

The forecast for U.S. **cranberry** production is 690 million pounds in 2007, essentially un-

changed from 2006 and 11 percent more than 2005. Wisconsin is expected to lead all states in the production of cranberries, with 390 million pounds, followed by Massachusetts (180 million). New Jersey, Oregon, and Washington are also expected to have substantial production, ranging from 18 million to 52 million pounds.

There were 1.6 billion pounds of **sweet potatoes** — another popular Thanksgiving side dish — grown by major sweet potato-producing states in 2006. North Carolina (702 million pounds) produced more sweet potatoes than any other state. It was followed by California (381 million pounds). Mississippi and Louisiana also produced large amounts: at least 200 million pounds each.

There were 1 billion pounds of **pumpkins** harvested by the major pumpkin-producing (Continued on next page)

Who Grows the Food On Your Table ?

(Continued from previous page)
states in 2006. Illinois led the country by producing 492 million pounds of the vined orange gourd. Patches in California, Ohio, and Pennsylvania also provided plenty of pumpkins: Each state produced at least 100 million pounds. The value of all the pumpkins grown by major pumpkin-producing states was \$101 million.

If you prefer **cherry pie**, you will be pleased to learn that the nation's forecasted tart cherry production for 2007 totals 294 million pounds. Of this total, the overwhelming majority (230 million) will be produced in Michigan.

There were 1.8 billion bushels of **wheat** — the essential ingredient of bread, rolls, and pie crust — produced in the United States in 2006. Kansas and North Dakota accounted for 30 percent of the nation's wheat production.

In 2007, there is a contracted production of **snap (green) beans** in major snap (green) bean-producing states totaling 841,280 tons. Of this total, Wisconsin led all states (310,200 tons). Many Americans consider green bean casserole a traditional Thanksgiving dish.

The U.S. imported live turkeys, with a value of \$9.5 million, during the first half of 2007. Of those gobblers imported, 99.5 percent came from Canada. Our northern neighbor accounted for all of the cranberries the United States imported (\$2.2 million).

When it comes to sweet potatoes, however, the Dominican Republic was the source of 63 percent (\$1.7 million) of total imports (\$2.7 million). The United States ran a \$4.9 million trade deficit in live turkeys during the period but had surpluses of \$9.4 million in cranberries and \$15.3 million in sweet potatoes.

In 2005, a typical American consumed an average of 13.1 pounds of turkey, with a hearty helping devoured at Thanksgiving time. The per capita sweet potato consumption was 4.5 pounds.

An Organic Feast

There were 144,086 certified organic turkeys purchased from the nation's farmlands as of 2005. Most of these turkeys were in Michigan (56,729) or Pennsylvania (48,815).

The Turkey Industry

The value of turkeys shipped was \$3.6 billion in 2002. Arkansas led the way in turkey shipments, with \$581.5 million, followed by Virginia (\$544.2 million) and North Carolina (\$453 million). In 2002, poultry businesses whose primary product was turkey totaled 35 establishments employing about 17,000 people.

The forecast for 2007 is for \$3.86 billion in receipts to farmers from turkey sales. This exceeds the total receipts from sales of products such as rice, peanuts, and tobacco.

The average cost per pound of a frozen whole turkey was 99 cents in December 2006.

Where to Feast

There are three places in the United States named after the holiday's traditional main course. Turkey, Texas, was the most populous in 2006, with 489 residents; followed by Turkey Creek, La. (363); and Turkey, N.C. (270). There also are nine townships around the country named Turkey, with three in Kansas.

There are eight places and townships in the United States that are named Cranberry or some spelling variation of the red, acidic berry (e.g., Cranbury, N.J.), a popular side dish at Thanksgiving. Cranberry township (Butler County), Pa., was the most populous of these places in 2006, with 27,509 residents. Cranberry township (Venango County), Pa., was next (6,900).

There are 28 places in the United States named Plymouth, as in Plymouth Rock, the landing site of the first Pilgrims. Plymouth, Minn., is the most populous, with 70,102 residents in 2006; Plymouth, Mass., had 55,516. Speaking of Plymouth Rock, there is just one township in the United States named Pilgrim. Located in Dade County, Mo., its population was 135.

There are 114.4 million households across the nation — all potential gathering places for people to celebrate the holiday.

Statewide

HISTORICAL CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Year and Month	Civilian Labor Force						Unemployed	
	Total	Employed						
		Employ- ment	Nonfarm Employment			Number	Rate (%)	
			Total	**Manu- facturing	**Trade			**Services
1977	1,939.0	1,816.7	1,648.1	507.5	357.2			254.5
1978	1,983.7	1,866.2	1,737.0	526.0	379.1	270.7	117.5	5.9
1979	2,040.5	1,918.5	1,777.3	524.7	388.7	285.4	122.0	6.0
1980	2,071.6	1,920.1	1,746.6	502.1	379.7	291.0	151.5	7.3
1981	2,123.1	1,927.6	1,775.4	506.9	379.9	304.4	195.5	9.2
1982	2,141.2	1,891.5	1,703.0	466.7	380.5	313.1	249.7	11.7
1983	2,188.2	1,932.4	1,719.0	468.6	389.9	323.4	255.8	11.7
1984	2,233.5	2,026.4	1,812.0	497.1	413.3	344.3	207.1	9.3
1985	2,255.7	2,070.0	1,867.8	492.4	435.3	360.2	185.7	8.2
1986	2,291.3	2,110.7	1,929.8	490.5	452.1	384.7	180.6	7.9
1987	2,324.1	2,166.5	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	157.6	6.8
1988	2,333.6	2,197.2	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.4	5.8
1989	2,364.9	2,241.3	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	123.6	5.2
1990	2,401.1	2,269.0	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	132.1	5.5
1991	2,425.4	2,266.0	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	159.4	6.6
1992	2,479.5	2,316.7	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	162.8	6.6
1993	2,543.3	2,391.6	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	151.7	6.0
1994	2,645.7	2,511.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	134.6	5.1
1995	2,718.0	2,574.0	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	144.0	5.3
1996	2,758.4	2,611.0	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	147.4	5.3
1997	2,788.3	2,640.0	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	148.3	5.3
1998	2,811.7	2,685.2	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	126.5	4.5
1999	2,838.7	2,722.1	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	116.6	4.1
2000	2,871.5	2,756.5	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	115.0	4.0
2001	2,859.7	2,728.5	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	131.2	4.6
2002	2,883.4	2,733.7	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	149.7	5.2
2003	2,892.0	2,727.5	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.5	5.7
2004	2,897.0	2,739.0	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	158.1	5.5
2005	2,909.6	2,747.6	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	161.9	5.6
2006	2,990.2	2,835.5	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	154.6	5.2
2007								
January	3,002.4	2,841.9	2,754.7	393.7	457.9	1,015.7	160.5	5.3 %
February	3,004.6	2,845.4	2,761.6	392.1	456.0	1,019.7	159.2	5.3
March	3,029.1	2,878.4	2,791.9	393.5	461.1	1,035.3	150.8	5.0
April	3,004.1	2,881.1	2,806.6	393.6	462.4	1,044.9	123.0	4.1
May	3,030.6	2,902.0	2,813.0	392.0	464.0	1,049.7	128.6	4.2
June	3,066.0	2,929.9	2,811.0	392.4	464.0	1,057.6	136.1	4.4
July	3,066.9	2,937.8	2,792.3	387.9	464.1	1,056.1	129.1	4.2
August (r)	3,047.0	2,922.3	2,814.4	388.9	465.9	1,062.0	124.7	4.1
September (p)	3,051.3	2,916.7	2,825.1	387.8	465.1	1,061.6	134.5	4.4
October								
November								
December								

(r)=revised

**These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

(p)=preliminary

1990 because of change to NAICS coding system.

Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

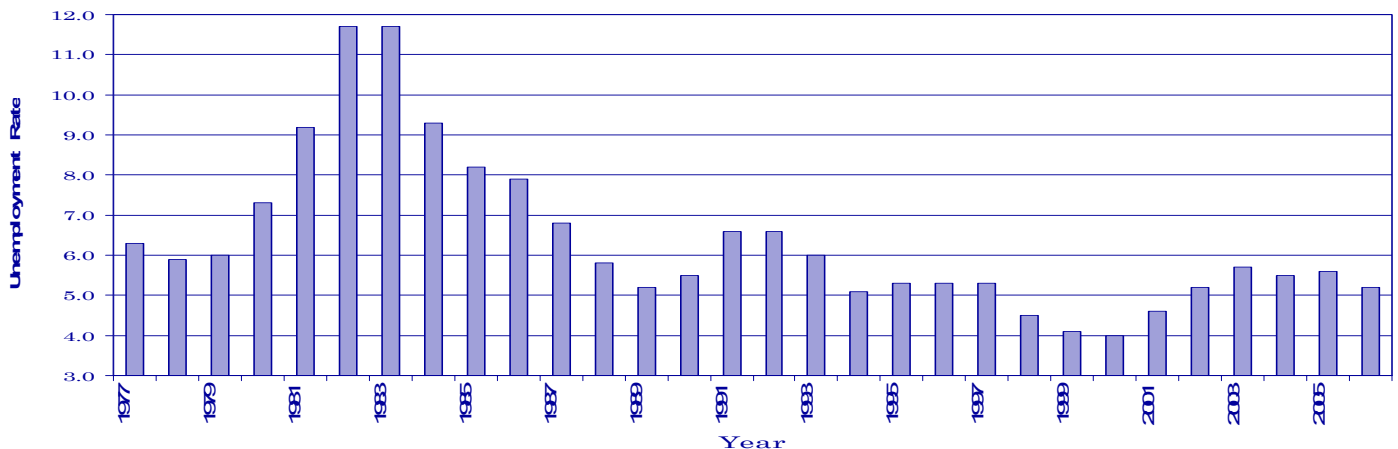
Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services,
Leisure/Hospitality, and Other Services.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COUNTY*

County	Sep 2006	Sep 2007	County	Sep 2006	Sep 2007
Anderson	4.0	3.9	Lauderdale	7.1	6.1
Bedford	4.9	5.0	Lawrence	9.1	7.5
Benton	6.5	5.7	Lewis	6.1	7.4
Bledsoe	5.2	5.1	Lincoln	3.5	3.3
Blount	3.4	3.6	Loudon	4.0	3.6
Bradley	4.3	4.2	Macon	5.2	4.5
Campbell	5.5	4.9	Madison	4.8	4.4
Cannon	4.0	4.1	Marion	5.1	5.7
Carroll	5.4	5.7	Marshall	5.1	8.4
Carter	4.1	4.6	Maury	4.5	9.4
Cheatham	3.6	3.6	McMinn	5.2	4.8
Chester	4.8	5.3	McNairy	5.7	6.4
Claiborne	4.9	5.2	Meigs	5.6	5.7
Clay	8.1	6.7	Monroe	5.1	5.2
Coke	6.1	5.5	Montgomery	4.5	4.7
Coffee	4.8	4.3	Moore	4.0	4.2
Crockett	5.7	5.5	Morgan	5.7	5.1
Cumberland	4.9	4.5	Obion	5.1	5.0
Davidson	3.8	3.6	Overton	5.9	7.2
Decatur	5.6	5.1	Perry	5.5	7.5
DeKalb	4.9	4.1	Pickett	7.2	7.1
Dickson	4.0	3.8	Polk	4.2	4.8
Dyer	4.9	4.6	Putnam	5.3	4.4
Fayette	8.2	6.0	Rhea	5.0	5.0
Fentress	7.0	5.9	Roane	4.8	3.9
Franklin	5.1	4.6	Robertson	3.7	3.9
Gibson	6.4	6.1	Rutherford	3.6	3.5
Giles	5.8	5.9	Scott	7.2	6.5
Grainger	5.0	4.3	Sequatchie	4.0	4.1
Greene	6.4	6.1	Sevier	3.6	3.4
Grundy	6.6	5.3	Shelby	5.3	4.8
Hamblen	5.1	4.5	Smith	4.5	4.4
Hamilton	4.0	3.9	Stewart	5.8	5.7
Hancock	5.8	5.3	Sullivan	3.7	3.6
Hardeman	7.5	6.3	Sumner	3.7	3.8
Hardin	5.3	5.0	Tipton	5.1	4.9
Hawkins	5.4	4.0	Trousdale	5.0	4.0
Haywood	8.8	7.2	Unicoi	5.0	4.5
Henderson	6.1	5.8	Union	3.9	4.1
Henry	6.0	5.6	Van Buren	6.5	5.1
Hickman	4.6	5.2	Warren	7.6	5.9
Houston	6.6	5.7	Washington	3.9	3.8
Humphreys	5.7	5.8	Wayne	8.3	6.6
Jackson	5.5	5.1	Weakley	6.9	6.3
Jefferson	4.7	4.3	White	7.9	5.4
Johnson	5.5	5.3	Williamson	3.1	4.1
Knox	3.3	3.2	Wilson	3.9	3.4
Lake	5.6	4.9			

*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted

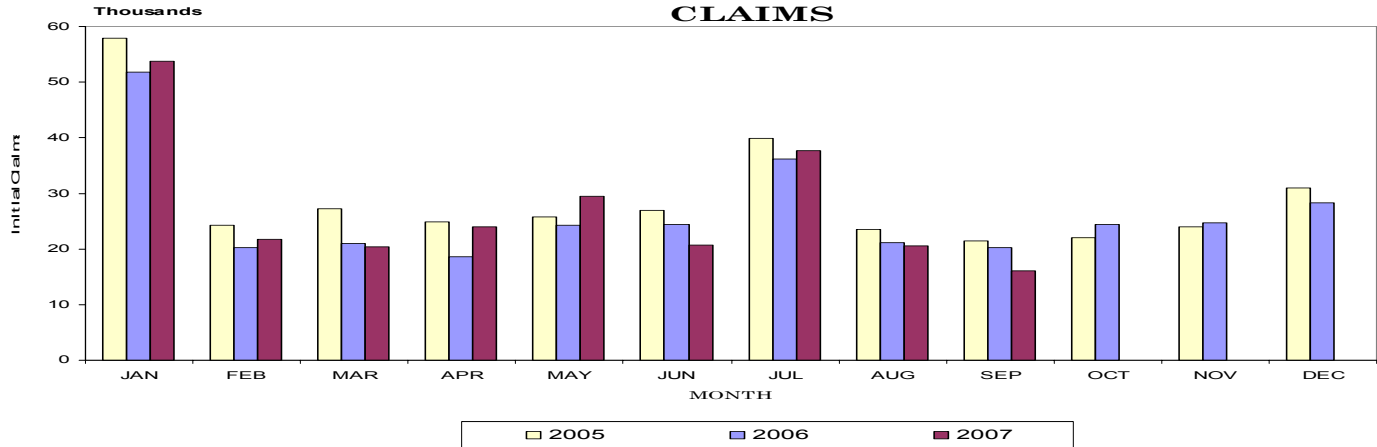
Unemployment Rates 1977-2006



Statewide

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

MONTHLY INITIAL CLAIMS



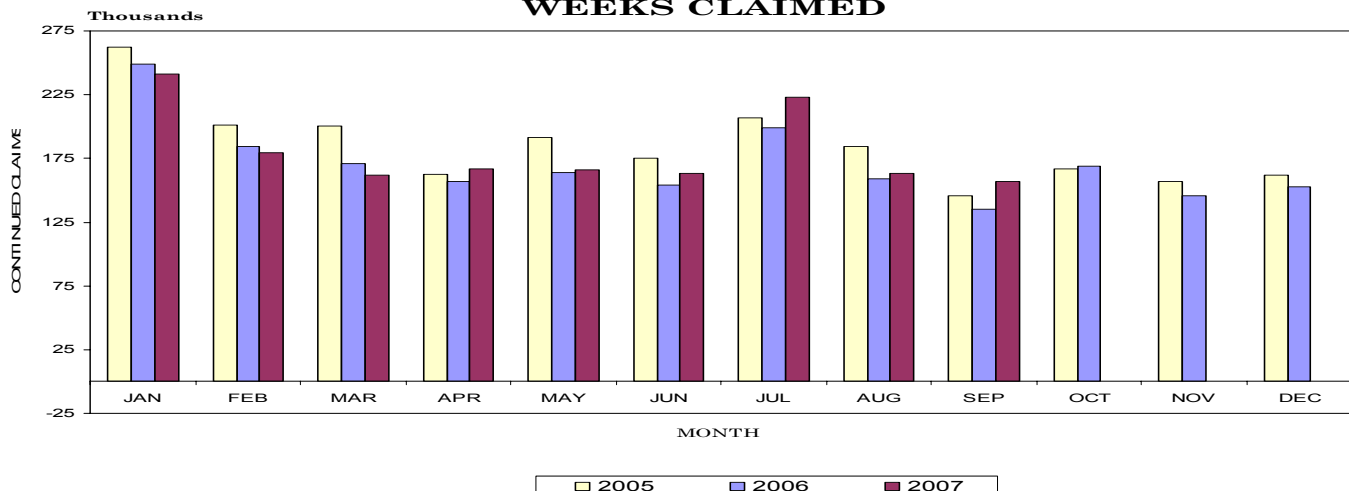
BENEFIT PROGRAMS

STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM				FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS			
CLAIMS	Sept. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sept. 2007	FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES	Sept. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sept. 2007
Initial Claims	20,304	20,505	16,134	Benefits Paid	\$239,576	\$265,409	\$233,667
Continued Weeks Claimed	135,339	163,510	157,083	Benefit Weeks Claimed	880	917	699
Nonmonetary Determinations	5,787	7,309	5,885	Initial Claims	90	68	71
Appeals Decisions	1,672	1,881	1,565	Continued Weeks Claimed	835	885	788
Lower Authority	1,424	1,647	1,404	Appeals Decisions	9	7	6
Higher Authority	248	234	161				
BENEFITS				FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL			
Amount Paid	\$27,050,726	\$37,139,379	\$32,376,133	Benefits Paid	\$415,143	\$364,335	\$348,381
Benefit Weeks Paid	130,605	168,865	138,640	Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,468	1,363	1,141
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$220	\$223	\$227	Initial Claims	137	117	116
First Payments	8,398	9,998	7,397	Continued Weeks Claimed	1,491	1,293	1,274
Final Payments	3,414	4,064	3,636	Appeals Decisions	4	8	5
Average Weeks Duration	14	14	14				
Trust Fund Balance*	\$679,162,417	\$632,361,840	\$592,897,795				

*Trust Fund includes a one-time deposit in March 2002 of \$162 million of Reed Act funds.

CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED

MONTHLY CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED



Statewide

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	September 2006	Revised August 2007	Preliminary September 2007	Net Change Sep. 2006 Sep. 2007	Aug. 2007 Sep. 2007
Total Nonfarm	2,808.0	2,814.4	2,825.1	17.1	10.7
Total Private	2,388.2	2,408.2	2,405.3	17.1	-2.9
Goods-Producing	536.8	535.2	533.5	-3.3	-1.7
Natural Resources & Mining	4.2	4.3	4.3	0.1	0.0
Construction	134.1	142.0	141.4	7.3	-0.6
Manufacturing	398.5	388.9	387.8	-10.7	-1.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	250.6	244.2	243.4	-7.2	-0.8
Wood Product Manufacturing	17.8	18.0	17.8	0.0	-0.2
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	16.3	16.7	16.6	0.3	-0.1
Primary Metal Manufacturing	11.5	11.1	11.2	-0.3	0.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	44.0	45.2	45.0	1.0	-0.2
Machinery Manufacturing	33.2	30.9	30.8	-2.4	-0.1
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	9.2	8.0	7.9	-1.3	-0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Mfg.	23.3	23.3	23.1	-0.2	-0.2
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	62.7	60.3	60.1	-2.6	-0.2
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	36.1	35.9	35.9	-0.2	0.0
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	17.7	16.4	16.5	-1.2	0.1
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	14.9	14.3	14.4	-0.5	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	147.9	144.7	144.4	-3.5	-0.3
Textile Mills, Products, & Apparel	16.1	14.5	14.5	-1.6	0.0
Food Manufacturing	33.5	33.2	33.1	-0.4	-0.1
Animal Slaughtering & Processing	11.4	11.6	11.5	0.1	-0.1
Bakeries & Tortilla Manufacturing	7.5	7.2	7.2	-0.3	0.0
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	5.0	4.9	4.9	-0.1	0.0
Paper Manufacturing	18.5	18.4	18.3	-0.2	-0.1
Printing & Related Support Activities	18.0	17.2	17.2	-0.8	0.0
Chemical Manufacturing	25.7	25.0	25.1	-0.6	0.1
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	28.6	29.2	29.0	0.4	-0.2
Plastics Product Manufacturing	15.2	15.5	15.3	0.1	-0.2
Rubber Product Manufacturing	13.4	13.7	13.7	0.3	0.0
Service-Providing	2,271.2	2,279.2	2,291.6	20.4	12.4
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	609.4	614.0	613.5	4.1	-0.5
Wholesale Trade	133.7	135.7	135.8	2.1	0.1
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	69.2	70.9	70.7	1.5	-0.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	47.2	47.0	47.2	0.0	0.2
Wholesale Electronic Markets	17.3	17.8	17.9	0.6	0.1
Retail Trade	327.1	330.2	329.3	2.2	-0.9
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	44.3	44.5	44.5	0.2	0.0
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	10.4	10.2	10.1	-0.3	-0.1
Building Material, Garden Equipment/Supplies	28.2	30.4	30.0	1.8	-0.4
Food & Beverage Stores	46.9	47.6	47.7	0.8	0.1
Health & Personal Care Stores	22.6	23.1	23.2	0.6	0.1
Gasoline Stations	24.4	24.3	24.3	-0.1	0.0
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	28.9	27.8	27.3	-1.6	-0.5
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	12.5	12.5	12.7	0.2	0.2
General Merchandise Stores	70.6	71.8	71.4	0.8	-0.4
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	18.1	17.7	17.8	-0.3	0.1
Nonstore Retailers	11.3	11.3	11.2	-0.1	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	148.6	148.1	148.4	-0.2	0.3
Utilities	3.5	3.3	3.3	-0.2	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	145.1	144.8	145.1	0.0	0.3
Truck Transportation	65.8	65.7	65.8	0.0	0.1
Information	50.6	51.8	51.8	1.2	0.0
Publishing Industries (except internet)	14.3	14.1	14.1	-0.2	0.0
Telecommunications	16.4	17.6	17.5	1.1	-0.1
Financial Activities	145.1	145.2	144.9	-0.2	-0.3
Finance & Insurance	107.9	107.4	107.3	-0.6	-0.1
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	37.2	37.8	37.6	0.4	-0.2
Professional & Business Services	326.0	322.8	325.2	-0.8	2.4
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	106.5	106.6	106.5	0.0	-0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	23.9	23.8	23.8	-0.1	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	195.6	192.4	194.9	-0.7	2.5
Educational & Health Services	342.2	347.0	349.2	7.0	2.2
Educational Services	46.5	44.8	47.2	0.7	2.4
Health Care & Social Assistance	295.7	302.2	302.0	6.3	-0.2
Ambulatory Health Care Services	110.9	113.7	113.8	2.9	0.1
Hospitals	90.8	91.6	91.6	0.8	0.0
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	52.7	54.2	54.1	1.4	-0.1
Social Assistance	41.3	42.7	42.5	1.2	-0.2
Leisure & Hospitality	276.5	289.7	284.8	8.3	-4.9
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	32.7	36.4	34.3	1.6	-2.1
Accommodation & Food Services	243.8	253.3	250.5	6.7	-2.8
Accommodation	35.5	37.6	36.3	0.8	-1.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	208.3	215.7	214.2	5.9	-1.5
Other Services	101.6	102.5	102.4	0.8	-0.1
Repair & Maintenance	22.4	22.4	22.5	0.1	0.1
Personal & Laundry Services	25.1	25.6	25.7	0.6	0.1
Government	419.8	406.2	419.8	0.0	13.6
Federal Government	48.8	49.0	48.9	0.1	-0.1
State Government	99.4	93.4	99.4	0.0	6.0
State Government Educational Services	50.8	45.3	50.9	0.1	5.6
Local Government	271.6	263.8	271.5	-0.1	7.7
Local Government Educational Services	140.0	134.1	141.1	1.1	7.0

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS

Industry	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007
Manufacturing	\$557.17	\$562.40	\$560.20
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$545.27	\$538.20	\$536.64
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$597.24	\$623.70	\$621.99
Machinery Manufacturing	\$553.15	\$609.23	\$577.87
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$578.93	\$600.30	\$597.61
Food Manufacturing	\$461.92	\$414.64	\$422.40

AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS

Industry	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007
Manufacturing	39.6	40.2	39.9
Durable Goods Manufacturing	39.2	39.4	39.0
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	39.5	40.5	40.6
Machinery Manufacturing	40.2	43.3	41.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	40.4	41.4	41.3
Food Manufacturing	37.8	35.5	35.2

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS

Industry	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007
Manufacturing	\$14.07	\$13.99	\$14.04
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$13.91	\$13.66	\$13.76
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$15.12	\$15.40	\$15.32
Machinery Manufacturing	\$13.76	\$14.07	\$14.06
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$14.33	\$14.50	\$14.47
Food Manufacturing	\$12.22	\$11.68	\$12.00

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE IN TENNESSEE

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for September 2007 was 4.7 percent, up 0.7 percent from the August 2007 rate. This is the fifth of the last six months that the current rate is less than or equal to the national average.

The United States' unemployment rate was 4.7 percent in September 2007. In September 2006, the national unemployment rate was 4.6 percent, and the state's unemployment rate was 5.1 percent.

Across Tennessee, the unemployment rate increased in 82 counties, decreased in four counties, and remained the same in nine counties. The lowest rate occurred in Knox County at 3.2 percent, up 0.1 percent from the previous month. The highest rate was Maury County's 9.4 percent, up from 8.5 percent in August 2007.

(Continued on Page 6)

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

September 2006					August 2007				September 2007			
Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate		Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	151,818,000	144,906,000	6,912,000	4.6	152,891,000	145,794,000	7,097,000	4.6	153,464,000	146,257,000	7,207,000	4.7
TENNESSEE	3,003,500	2,850,900	152,600	5.1	3,029,900	2,907,700	122,200	4.0	3,048,000	2,905,800	142,300	4.7
Not Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	151,635,000	145,010,000	6,625,000	4.4	153,493,000	146,406,000	7,088,000	4.6	153,400,000	146,448,000	6,952,000	4.5
TENNESSEE	2,999,300	2,862,200	137,200	4.6	3,047,000	2,922,300	124,700	4.1	3,051,300	2,916,700	134,500	4.4
Metropolitan Statistical Areas												
Chattanooga	260,160	249,970	10,200	3.9	265,750	256,070	9,670	3.6	264,820	254,540	10,290	3.9
Clarksville	107,760	102,640	5,120	4.7	108,270	103,020	5,250	4.8	109,890	104,060	5,830	5.3
Cleveland	55,480	53,080	2,400	4.3	56,020	53,780	2,240	4.0	56,270	53,840	2,430	4.3
Jackson	55,340	52,670	2,660	4.8	56,750	54,350	2,400	4.2	56,790	54,200	2,590	4.6
Johnson City	96,930	92,980	3,950	4.1	99,580	95,760	3,820	3.8	99,850	95,740	4,110	4.1
Kingsport-Bristol	144,520	138,540	5,980	4.1	146,790	141,220	5,570	3.8	146,820	141,160	5,660	3.9
Knoxville	350,250	338,060	12,190	3.5	357,110	345,840	11,270	3.2	357,090	344,970	12,120	3.4
Memphis	611,880	579,230	32,650	5.3	620,670	592,350	28,320	4.6	622,610	591,970	30,640	4.9
Morristown	64,640	61,450	3,200	4.9	65,000	62,360	2,640	4.1	65,330	62,480	2,850	4.4
Nashville	772,490	743,640	28,860	3.7	792,110	764,560	27,540	3.5	789,620	760,130	29,500	3.7
Micropolitan Statistical Areas												
Athens	24,930	23,640	1,290	5.2	24,530	23,420	1,110	4.5	24,670	23,480	1,190	4.8
Brownsville	9,500	8,660	830	8.8	9,430	8,740	690	7.3	9,830	9,120	710	7.2
Columbia	36,330	34,680	1,650	4.5	36,130	33,060	3,060	8.5	36,340	32,940	3,400	9.4
Cookeville	50,060	47,350	2,710	5.4	50,190	47,790	2,400	4.8	50,320	47,790	2,530	5.0
Crossville	22,940	21,810	1,120	4.9	22,820	21,800	1,020	4.5	23,070	22,040	1,030	4.5
Dyersburg	17,440	16,590	850	4.9	17,340	16,610	730	4.2	17,440	16,640	800	4.6
Greeneville	33,530	31,390	2,140	6.4	31,950	30,120	1,830	5.7	32,320	30,350	1,970	6.1
Harriman	26,700	25,420	1,280	4.8	27,040	26,050	990	3.7	27,050	26,000	1,050	3.9
Humboldt	20,900	19,570	1,330	6.4	21,220	19,990	1,230	5.8	21,270	19,960	1,300	6.1
LaFollette	16,790	15,860	930	5.5	17,050	16,270	790	4.6	16,960	16,120	840	4.9
Lawrenceburg	16,740	15,220	1,520	9.1	16,440	15,260	1,180	7.1	16,460	15,220	1,230	7.5
Lewisburg	12,650	12,010	640	5.1	12,700	11,720	980	7.7	12,860	11,770	1,080	8.4
Martin	16,010	14,900	1,110	6.9	15,970	14,840	1,120	7.0	15,900	14,900	1,000	6.3
McMinnville	17,900	16,540	1,360	7.6	17,080	16,110	970	5.7	17,330	16,300	1,030	5.9
Newport	16,190	15,200	980	6.1	16,320	15,520	800	4.9	16,350	15,460	900	5.5
Paris	13,970	13,130	840	6.0	14,120	13,350	770	5.4	14,140	13,340	800	5.6
Sevierville	47,740	46,000	1,740	3.6	50,050	48,500	1,540	3.1	49,020	47,340	1,680	3.4
Shelbyville	22,220	21,140	1,080	4.9	22,410	21,380	1,030	4.6	22,570	21,430	1,140	5.0
Tullahoma	48,500	46,140	2,360	4.9	48,810	46,760	2,060	4.2	49,110	46,950	2,160	4.4
Union City	18,460	17,470	990	5.3	18,980	17,960	1,030	5.4	19,270	18,240	1,030	5.3

(Continued from Page 5) Total nonfarm employment increased by 17,100 jobs from September 2006 to September 2007. During this period, there were increases in construction (up 7,300 jobs); accommodation/food services (up 6,700 jobs), which includes an increase of 5,900 jobs in food services/drinking places; health care/social assistance (up 6,300 jobs), which includes an increase of 2,900 jobs in ambulatory health care services and 1,400 in nursing/residential care facilities; retail trade (up 2,200 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,800 jobs in building

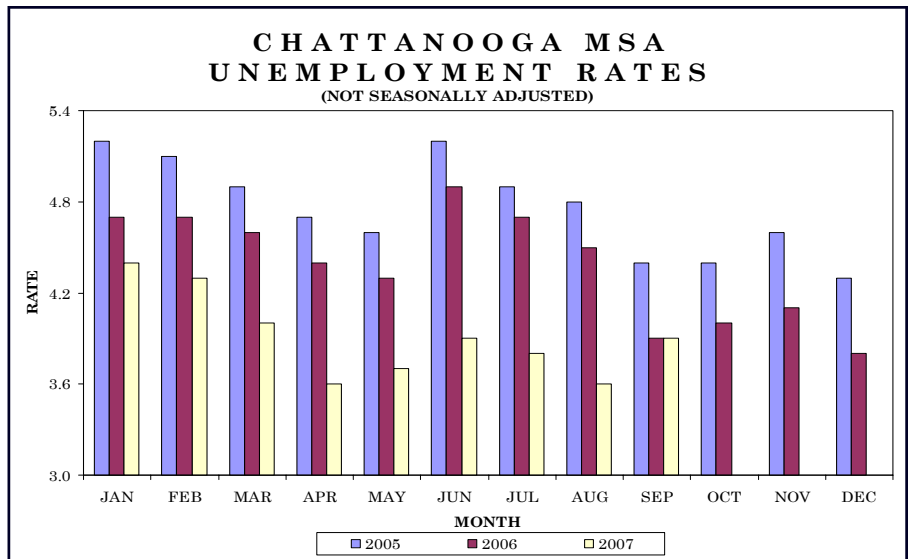
material/garden equipment/supplies; wholesale trade (up 2,100 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,500 jobs in durable goods merchant wholesalers; and telecommunication and local government educational services (both up 1,100 jobs). This was partially offset by declines of 2,600 jobs in transportation equipment manufacturing; 2,400 jobs in machinery manufacturing; 1,600 jobs in both textile mills/products/apparel and clothing/clothing accessories stores; and 1,300 jobs in computer/electronic product manufacturing.

During September, nonfarm employment increased by 10,700 jobs. There were seasonal increases in local government educational services (up 7,000 jobs), state government educational services (up 5,600 jobs), administrative/support/waste management (up 2,500 jobs), and educational services (up 2,400 jobs). This was partially offset by a decrease in leisure/hospitality (down 4,900 jobs), which includes a drop of 2,800 jobs in accommodation/food services and a decline of 2,100 jobs in arts/entertainment/recreation.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables includes all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data is based on the 2006 benchmark.

Total nonfarm employment increased by 700 jobs from August to September. There were seasonal increases in education/health services (up 700 jobs), state government (up 400 jobs), and local government (up 300 jobs). This was partially offset by a decline of 200 jobs in accommodation/food services.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 1,200 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs declined by 300, and service-providing jobs increased by 1,500.



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

CHATTANOOGA MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007
Manufacturing	\$536.36	\$540.47	\$538.72	41.1	41.8	41.6	\$13.05	\$12.93	\$12.95
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$571.37	\$594.38	\$588.27	40.9	42.7	42.2	\$13.97	\$13.92	\$13.94
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$498.08	\$495.67	\$497.31	41.3	41.1	41.1	\$12.06	\$12.06	\$12.10

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

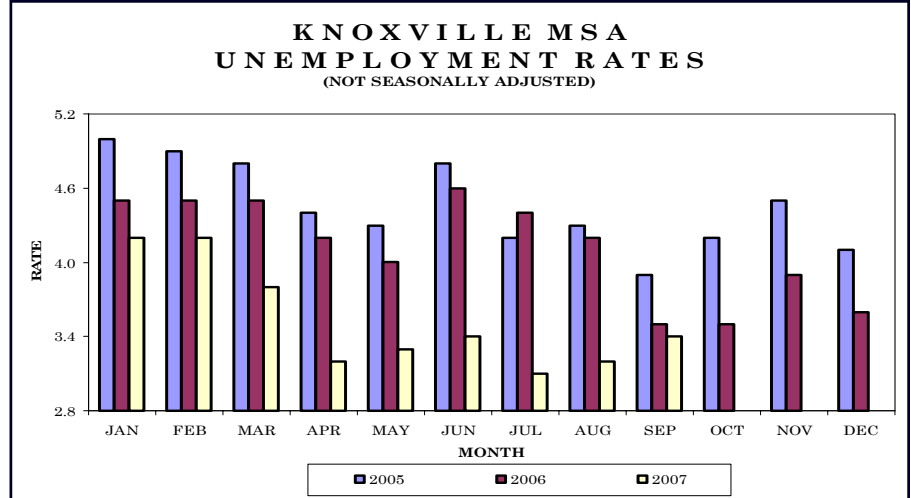
Industry	September 2006	Revised August 2007	Preliminary September 2007	Sept. 2006 Sept. 2007	Net Change Aug. 2007 Sept. 2007
Total Nonfarm	248.3	248.8	249.5	1.2	0.7
Total Private	213.1	214.0	214.1	1.0	0.1
Goods-Producing	47.3	47.2	47.0	-0.3	-0.2
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	11.7	11.8	11.7	0.0	-0.1
Manufacturing	35.6	35.4	35.3	-0.3	-0.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	16.6	16.5	16.4	-0.2	-0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	19.0	18.9	18.9	-0.1	0.0
Textile Mills	4.4	4.3	4.3	-0.1	0.0
Service-Providing	201.0	201.6	202.5	1.5	0.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	56.5	56.2	56.0	-0.5	-0.2
Wholesale Trade	9.0	8.7	8.7	-0.3	0.0
Retail Trade	26.5	26.7	26.6	0.1	-0.1
General Merchandise Stores	6.5	6.7	6.7	0.2	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	21.0	20.8	20.7	-0.3	-0.1
Information	3.5	3.7	3.7	0.2	0.0
Financial Activities	18.7	19.1	19.2	0.5	0.1
Professional & Business Services	27.5	27.7	27.7	0.2	0.0
Educational & Health Services	25.4	25.3	26.0	0.6	0.7
Leisure & Hospitality	23.3	23.9	23.7	0.4	-0.2
Accommodation & Food Services	20.5	21.1	20.9	0.4	-0.2
Other Services	10.9	10.9	10.8	-0.1	-0.1
Government	35.2	34.8	35.4	0.2	0.6
Federal Government	6.3	6.3	6.2	-0.1	-0.1
State Government	6.2	5.8	6.2	0.0	0.4
Local Government	22.7	22.7	23.0	0.3	0.3



Knoxville MSA - Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Union

Total nonfarm employment increased by 1,500 jobs from August to September. There were seasonal increases in state government (up 1,400 jobs); local government (up 600 jobs); and professional/business services, education/health services (up 300 jobs), which includes an increase of 200 jobs in administrative/support/waste management. This was partially offset by drops in educational/health services (down 300 jobs) and leisure/hospitality (down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 1,900 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 800, while service-providing jobs increased by 1,100.



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

KNOXVILLE MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007
Manufacturing	\$625.95	\$636.09	\$622.38	39.0	39.0	38.3	\$16.05	\$16.31	\$16.25
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$688.93	\$683.90	\$659.71	39.3	38.1	37.0	\$17.53	\$17.95	\$17.83
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$477.22	\$532.93	\$539.23	38.3	40.9	41.1	\$12.46	\$13.03	\$13.12

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

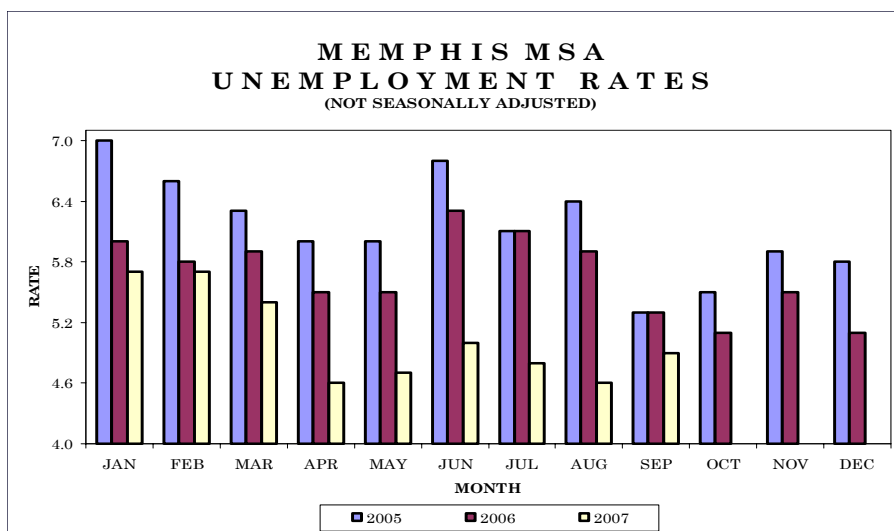
Industry	September 2006	Revised August 2007	Preliminary September 2007	Net Change	
				Sept. 2006 Sept. 2007	Aug. 2007 Sept. 2007
Total Nonfarm	336.6	337.0	338.5	1.9	1.5
Total Private	283.6	286.1	285.6	2.0	-0.5
Goods-Producing	57.2	58.1	58.0	0.8	-0.1
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	18.7	19.4	19.5	0.8	0.1
Manufacturing	38.5	38.7	38.5	0.0	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	28.7	28.8	28.7	0.0	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	8.5	8.7	8.6	0.1	-0.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	8.7	8.6	8.6	-0.1	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	9.8	9.9	9.8	0.0	-0.1
Service-Providing	279.4	278.9	280.5	1.1	1.6
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	72.0	72.5	72.5	0.5	0.0
Wholesale Trade	16.0	16.0	16.0	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	44.6	45.2	45.2	0.6	0.0
Food & Beverage Stores	6.7	6.7	6.8	0.1	0.1
General Merchandise Stores	8.5	8.7	8.7	0.2	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	11.4	11.3	11.3	-0.1	0.0
Information	6.1	6.1	6.0	-0.1	-0.1
Financial Activities	17.5	17.7	17.6	0.1	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	39.9	39.7	40.0	0.1	0.3
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	19.8	19.8	20.0	0.2	0.2
Educational & Health Services	40.6	41.3	41.0	0.4	-0.3
Leisure & Hospitality	36.3	36.5	36.3	0.0	-0.2
Accommodation & Food Services	32.6	32.7	32.6	0.0	-0.1
Food Services & Drinking Places	29.5	29.8	29.7	0.2	-0.1
Other Services	14.0	14.2	14.2	0.2	0.0
Government	53.0	50.9	52.9	-0.1	2.0
Federal Government	5.1	4.9	4.9	-0.2	0.0
State Government	19.8	18.5	19.9	0.1	1.4
Local Government	28.1	27.5	28.1	0.0	0.6



Memphis MSA - TN - Fayette, Shelby, Tipton. AR - Crittenden. MS - DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, Tunica

Total nonfarm employment increased by 3,700 jobs from August to September. There were seasonal increases in local government (up 1,500 jobs), state government (up 1,200 jobs), administrative/support/waste management (up 1,000 jobs), and educational/health services (up 700 jobs). This was partially offset by a decline in food services/drinking places (down 600 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 6,500 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs decreased by 1,500, and service-providing jobs increased by 8,000.



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

MEMPHIS MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007
Manufacturing	\$624.24	\$674.29	\$646.93	43.2	44.1	42.2	\$14.45	\$15.29	\$15.33
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$519.17	\$564.19	\$567.75	38.6	39.9	39.4	\$13.45	\$14.14	\$14.41
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$730.38	\$778.74	\$725.85	47.8	48.1	45.0	\$15.28	\$16.19	\$16.13

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

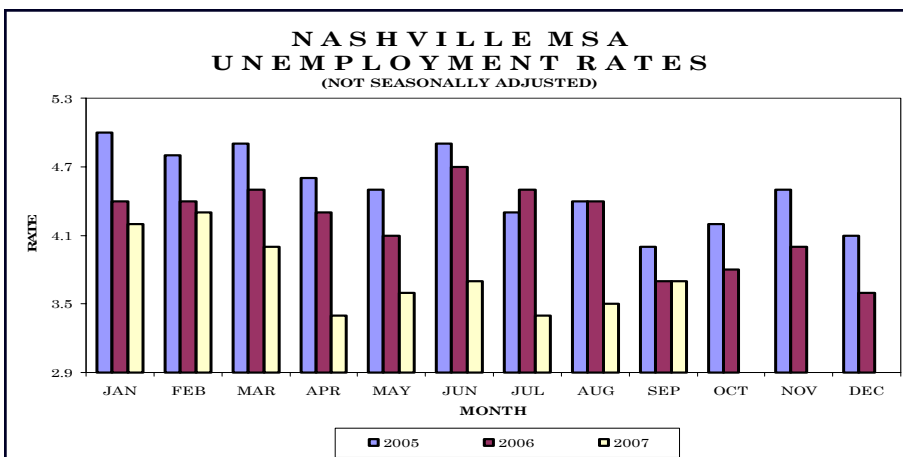
Industry	September 2006	Revised August 2007	Preliminary September 2007	Net Change	
				Sept. 2006	Aug. 2007
	2006	2007	2007	Sept. 2007	Sept. 2007
Total Nonfarm	643.1	645.9	649.6	6.5	3.7
Total Private	554.0	559.9	560.9	6.9	1.0
Goods-Producing	83.8	82.2	82.3	-1.5	0.1
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	28.5	28.7	28.7	0.2	0.0
Manufacturing	55.3	53.5	53.6	-1.7	0.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	27.6	26.4	26.5	-1.1	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	27.7	27.1	27.1	-0.6	0.0
Service-Providing	559.3	563.7	567.3	8.0	3.6
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	174.0	176.0	175.9	1.9	-0.1
Wholesale Trade	38.0	38.0	38.0	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	72.1	73.5	73.4	1.3	-0.1
Food & Beverage Stores	9.6	9.5	9.6	0.0	0.1
General Merchandise Stores	13.7	13.9	13.9	0.2	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	63.9	64.5	64.5	0.6	0.0
Truck Transportation	16.0	16.0	16.0	0.0	0.0
Warehousing & Storage	7.8	8.6	8.7	0.9	0.1
Information	7.5	7.4	7.3	-0.2	-0.1
Financial Activities	32.8	32.8	32.9	0.1	0.1
Professional & Business Services	83.0	83.4	84.4	1.4	1.0
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	19.8	19.7	19.7	-0.1	0.0
Management of Companies & Enterprises	4.7	4.6	4.6	-0.1	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	58.5	59.1	60.1	1.6	1.0
Educational & Health Services	76.2	78.1	78.8	2.6	0.7
Health Care & Social Assistance	65.6	66.7	66.8	1.2	0.1
Hospitals	24.8	25.7	25.8	1.0	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	72.2	75.1	74.5	2.3	-0.6
Accommodation & Food Services	64.2	66.7	65.9	1.7	-0.8
Food Services & Drinking Places	45.1	46.7	46.1	1.0	-0.6
Other Services	24.5	24.9	24.8	0.3	-0.1
Government	89.1	86.0	88.7	-0.4	2.7
Federal Government	14.7	14.5	14.5	-0.2	0.0
State Government	16.1	15.1	16.3	0.2	1.2
Local Government	58.3	56.4	57.9	-0.4	1.5



Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment increased by 400 jobs from August to September. There were seasonal increases in local government (up 1,000 jobs), state government (up 500 jobs), administrative/support/waste management (up 400 jobs), and wholesale trade (up 200 jobs).

This was partially offset by declines in accommodation/food services (down 700 jobs), which includes a drop of 500 jobs in accommodation and 200 jobs in food services/drinking places; arts/entertainment/recreation (down 400 jobs); and health care/social assistance and financial activities (both down 200 jobs).



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

NASHVILLE MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007	Sep. 2006	Aug. 2007	Sep. 2007
Manufacturing	\$583.07	\$604.50	\$597.00	39.8	40.3	39.8	\$14.65	\$15.00	\$15.00
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$595.63	\$629.22	\$618.68	40.3	40.7	40.2	\$14.78	\$15.46	\$15.39
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$558.33	\$554.40	\$550.44	38.8	39.6	38.9	\$14.39	\$14.00	\$14.15

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary September 2007	Net Change	
	September 2006	August 2007		Sept. 2006 Sept. 2007	Aug. 2007 Sept. 2007
Total Nonfarm	757.8	763.0	763.4	5.6	0.4
Total Private	658.9	664.8	663.7	4.8	-1.1
Goods-Producing	124.8	125.1	124.8	0.0	-0.3
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	40.3	42.8	42.8	2.5	0.0
Manufacturing	84.5	82.3	82.0	-2.5	-0.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	58.1	56.7	56.6	-1.5	-0.1
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	4.1	4.2	4.2	0.1	0.0
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	7.5	7.8	7.8	0.3	0.0
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	20.2	19.0	19.0	-1.2	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	26.4	25.6	25.4	-1.0	-0.2
Service-Providing	633.0	637.9	638.6	5.6	0.7
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	154.4	155.6	155.7	1.3	0.1
Wholesale Trade	37.2	37.3	37.5	0.3	0.2
Retail Trade	85.7	86.6	86.5	0.8	-0.1
Food & Beverage Stores	12.1	12.4	12.4	0.3	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	17.0	17.2	17.1	0.1	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	31.5	31.7	31.7	0.2	0.0
Information	19.7	19.5	19.5	-0.2	0.0
Financial Activities	46.3	46.7	46.5	0.2	-0.2
Finance & Insurance	35.2	35.4	35.3	0.1	-0.1
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	11.1	11.3	11.2	0.1	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	101.3	100.5	100.9	-0.4	0.4
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	36.1	37.8	37.9	1.8	0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	7.7	7.7	7.6	-0.1	-0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	57.5	55.0	55.4	-2.1	0.4
Educational & Health Services	104.6	105.4	105.3	0.7	-0.1
Educational Services	22.9	23.0	23.1	0.2	0.1
Health Care & Social Assistance	81.7	82.4	82.2	0.5	-0.2
Hospitals	27.7	27.9	28.0	0.3	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	77.0	80.5	79.4	2.4	-1.1
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	10.5	11.0	10.6	0.1	-0.4
Accommodation & Food Services	66.5	69.5	68.8	2.3	-0.7
Accommodation	12.0	13.0	12.5	0.5	-0.5
Food Services & Drinking Places	54.5	56.5	56.3	1.8	-0.2
Other Services	30.8	31.5	31.6	0.8	0.1
Government	98.9	98.2	99.7	0.8	1.5
Federal Government	11.4	11.5	11.5	0.1	0.0
State Government	28.5	28.5	29.0	0.5	0.5
Local Government	59.0	58.2	59.2	0.2	1.0

Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	August 2007	September 2007	August 2007	September 2007	August 2007	September 2007
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	83,600	84,700	42,700	42,800	62,600	63,000
Total Private	66,200	66,400	37,600	37,500	50,400	50,700
Goods-Producing	16,400	16,400	11,400	11,400	14,500	14,500
Service-Providing	67,200	68,300	31,300	31,400	48,100	48,500
Private Service-Providing	49,800	50,000	26,200	26,100	35,900	36,200
Natural Resources/Construction	3,300	3,200	1,900	1,900	3,700	3,600
Manufacturing	13,100	13,200	9,500	9,500	10,800	10,900
Durable Goods	9,100	9,100	5,200	5,200	7,000	7,100
Nondurable Goods	4,000	4,100	4,300	4,300	3,800	3,800
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	16,400	16,600	7,600	7,600	12,900	12,900
Wholesale Trade	1,900	2,000	1,800	1,800	2,900	2,900
Retail Trade	11,800	11,900	4,600	4,600	7,500	7,500
General Merchandise Stores	3,600	3,600	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	2,700	2,700	1,200	1,200	2,500	2,500
Information	1,200	1,100	300	300	700	700
Financial Activities	2,700	2,700	1,700	1,700	1,900	1,900
Professional/Business Services	8,200	8,200	4,100	4,100	4,600	4,700
Educational/Health Services	9,700	9,800	5,600	5,600	8,100	8,400
Leisure/Hospitality	8,500	8,500	4,400	4,300	5,500	5,400
Other Services	3,100	3,100	2,500	2,500	2,200	2,200
Government	17,400	18,300	5,100	5,300	12,200	12,300
Federal Government	5,500	5,400	300	300	500	500
State Government	2,800	3,500	600	600	1,800	1,800
Local Government	9,100	9,400	4,200	4,400	9,900	10,000

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport/Bristol, TN-VA MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	August 2007	September 2007	August 2007	September 2007	August 2007	September 2007
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	81,900	82,300	124,700	124,600	51,100	51,400
Total Private	66,200	65,700	108,400	108,100	44,500	44,600
Goods-Producing	13,700	13,700	33,600	33,400	17,200	17,300
Service-Providing	68,200	68,600	91,100	91,200	33,900	34,100
Private Service-Providing	52,500	52,000	74,800	74,700	27,300	27,300
Natural Resources/Construction	3,600	3,600	8,800	8,600	2,200	2,200
Manufacturing	10,100	10,100	24,800	24,800	15,000	15,100
Durable Goods	NA	NA	11,600	11,600	10,000	10,000
Nondurable Goods	NA	NA	13,200	13,200	NA	NA
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	14,400	14,400	25,500	25,900	10,600	10,500
Wholesale Trade	3,000	3,000	5,400	5,400	2,100	2,100
Retail Trade	10,100	10,100	15,500	15,800	5,700	5,600
General Merchandise Stores	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	1,300	1,300	4,600	4,700	2,800	2,800
Information	2,300	2,300	2,500	2,500	700	700
Financial Activities	4,900	4,900	4,200	4,200	2,000	2,000
Professional/Business Services	8,000	7,700	8,500	8,200	3,500	3,600
Educational/Health Services	11,300	11,400	17,100	17,100	5,300	5,400
Leisure/Hospitality	9,000	8,700	12,700	12,500	3,500	3,400
Other Services	2,600	2,600	4,300	4,300	1,700	1,700
Government	15,700	16,600	16,300	16,500	6,600	6,800
Federal Government	2,300	2,300	1,200	1,200	400	300
State Government	5,700	6,400	2,400	2,400	1,300	1,300
Local Government	7,700	7,900	12,700	12,900	4,900	5,200

Clarksville MSA is Montgomery County, Stewart County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Grainger, Hamblen, & Jefferson counties.

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U.S. Consumer Price Index September 2007

Group	Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly
U.S. City Average			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	208.5	2.8	0.3
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	203.9	2.8	0.3
South			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	201.7	3.0	0.3
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	198.9	3.1	0.4

TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Seasonally Adjusted)

